

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Canceled)
2. (Original) A method of color correction for a flat panel display using a color corrector of the flat panel display for correcting image signals in broadcasting standard into image signal for driving the flat panel display, the method comprising:
  - (a) extracting gray values for apexes on reference color coordinates for received image signals;
  - (b) comparing the gray values for the reference color coordinates of the standard broadcasting image signals and the reference color coordinates of the flat panel display, dividing the color coordinates into nine subareas using an areal division, matching the divided subareas with divisional areas of the reference color coordinates, and extracting a conversion distance information; and
  - (c) correcting the received standard broadcasting image signals by converting the conversion distance information using interpolation, and outputting image signals for driving the flat panel display.
3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the areal division comprises:
  - (d) extracting line segments from a white point of the color coordinate to apexes of the reference color coordinates, and line segments from the white point of the color coordinate to internal divisions where extensions from the apexes meet the line segments of the reference color coordinates;
  - (e) extracting line segments from the white point of the color coordinates to points where the two gray values become maximum;
  - (f) extracting line segments from the points P, Q and S on the color coordinates where the two gray values become maximum to the apexes R, G and B of the reference color coordinates; and

(g) dividing the area of each reference color coordinate into the nine subareas having boundaries of the extracted line segments.

4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the conversion distance information includes a gray value distance for line segments from apexes of the reference color coordinates to points where the gray values become maximum, and a gray value distance for line segments from internal divisions where extensions from white points of color coordinates to the apexes meet the line segments of the reference color coordinates to the apexes of the reference color coordinates.

5. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the interpolation comprises:

(h-1) calculating  $R'_i$ ,  $G'_i$  and  $B'_i$  for the coordinate values of the image signals  $R_i$ ,  $G_i$  and  $B_i$  using an equation:

$$(R'_i, G'_i, B'_i) = (R_i - \min(R_i, G_i, B_i), G_i - \min(R_i, G_i, B_i) - \min(R_i, G_i, B_i));$$

(h-2) calculating  $K$  using an equation:

$$K = \frac{\text{MaxG}}{\max(R'_i, G'_i, B'_i)};$$

(h-3) calculating converted values  $R''_i$ ,  $G''_i$  and  $B''_i$  using an equation:

$$(R''_i, G''_i, B''_i) = (K \times R'_i, K \times G'_i, K \times B'_i),$$

where the converted value  $R''_i$ ,  $G''_i$  and  $B''_i$  include 0, the maximum gray, and a number  $t$  which is neither 0 nor the maximum gray.

(h-4) calculating converted values  $R''_o$ ,  $G''_o$  and  $B''_o$  including 0, the maximum gray and a value for the gray values on the corresponding areas for the nine subareas depending on  $t$  forming the converted values  $R''_i$ ,  $G''_i$  and  $B''_i$ , the value obtained by one among:

$$\left\{ t - \text{MaxG} \times \frac{n1}{m1 + n1} \right\} \times \frac{b}{a}, \quad (4)$$

where  $t$  is a number among  $R''_i$ ,  $G''_i$  and  $B''_i$  except for 0 and the maximum gray, and  $m1$ ,  $n1$ ,  $a$  and  $b$  are the predetermined conversion distance information;

$$t \times \frac{f}{e}, \quad (5)$$